2023

5th Semester Examination CHEMISTRY (Honours)

Paper: C 12-T

[Organic Chemistry - V]

[CBCS]

Full Marks: 40

Time: Two Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Group - A

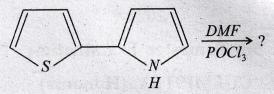
Answer any five questions from the following:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

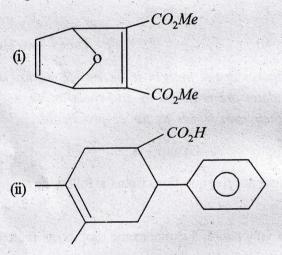
- 1. Explain why *cis* –1, 4-cyclohexane diol exists preferably in twist boat conformation.
- 2. Pyridine is used as a basic solvent in many organic reactions including oxidation reactions while pyrrole can not be used. Why?
- 3. How will you bring about chain shortening in aldose?
- 4. What is denaturation of protein? Mention two conditions under which denaturation occurs.

P.T.O.

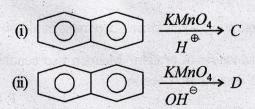
5. Predict the product(s) with mechanism.



6. The following compounds have been synthesized by Diels-Alder reaction. Identify the diene and dienophile components.



- 7. Why indole-3-aldehyde does not undergo cannizaro reaction?
- 8. Predict the products (C, D).



Group - B

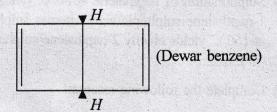
Answer any four questions from the following:

 $5 \times 4 = 20$

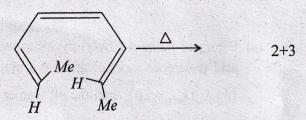
9. (a) Esters of *trans*-4-t butyl cyclohexane carboxylic acid undergoes saponification at a much faster rate $(k_{trans}/k_{cis} = 20)$ than the *cis* isomer — Explain.

Would you expect a similar difference in reaction rate, when the cyclohexyl substituent is in the alcohol part?

- (b) In anhydrous methanol, the equilibrium of D-glucose contains 50% α -form whereas in H_2O it is 38%. Explain.
- 10. (a) Although Dewar benzene (bicyclo [2, 2, 0] hexa 2, 5 diene) is less stable by 60 kcal than its isomer benzene, its conversion into benzene is surprisingly slow ($E_{act} = 37$ kcal). Explain.



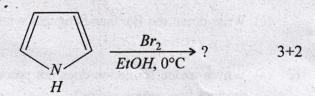
(b) Identify the product(s) of the following reaction showing F.M.O. interaction:



- 11. (a) Proline and hydroxyproline gives yellow colour with ninhydrin Explain.
 - (b) Synthesize *L*-Leucine using Gabriel phthalimide synthetic approach. 2+3
- (a) When 2-acylfuran is allowed to react with NH₃ in sealed tube at high temperature, 3-hydroxy-pyridine derivative is obtained — Explain with mechanism.
 - (b) Synthesize quinoline by using aniline and α , β unsaturated carbonyl compound. 2+3
- (a) Sulphonation of napthalene at 80°C yields chiefly
 1-napthalene sulphonic acid whereas sulphonation at 160°C yields chiefly 2-napthalene sulphonic acid
 Explain.
 - (b) Complete the following reaction.

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
O & O \\
O & OH \\
\hline
O & H_3O & \end{array} ? \xrightarrow{\Delta} ? 3+2$$

- 14. (a) Carry out the following transformations:
 - (i) D-Arabinose → D-mannose
 - (ii) D-glucose → D-fructose.
 - (b) Predict the major product:



Group - C

Answer any one question:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- 15. (a) Predict the most stable conformation of 1-methyl-1-phenyl cyclohexane.
 - (b) Predict the product(s) with plausible mechanism:

(i)
$$\underbrace{ \frac{AC_2O}{100^{\circ}C}}_{\bigoplus}? \frac{mCPBA}{AC_2O, 100^{\circ}C}? \frac{nACPBA}{NaOH}?$$

(ii)
$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \Delta \end{array} \begin{array}{c} AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ H_2O \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \\ - \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -AlCl_3 \\ \longrightarrow \end{array} \begin{array}{c} -Al$$

(c) Write down the Bardhan-Sengupta synthesis.

- 16. (a) Why osazone formation does not proceed beyond the first two carbon atoms?
 - (b) Write the products of the following reaction with stereochemistry and F.M.O. explanation.

(c) Write down the Dakin-West reaction with mechanism. 3+(2×2)+3