

2023

6th Semester Examination

PHILOSOPHY (General)

Paper : GE - 2T

[CBCS]

Full Marks : 60

Time : Three Hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates are required to give their answers
in their own words as far as practicable.*

[Social and Political Philosophy - I]

Group - A

Answer any *ten* questions. $2 \times 10 = 20$

1. Mention any two differences, between social and political philosophy and social science.
2. What are the criteria of social class distinction?
3. Why is family called a primary Group?
4. Define 'Association' with proper example.
5. Why primary groups are called 'Face-to-face' groups?
6. What is meant by 'Anarchism'?
7. Analyse the meaning of 'Non-violence' after Gandhi.

P.T.O.

8. What is an economic class?
9. 'Social progress is an ethical concept' — Explain.
10. State any two demerits of Liberal democracy.
11. Write two differences between 'association' and 'institution'?
12. Provide two main characteristics of secularism in India.
13. What is an institution?
14. What is the origin of the word 'family'?
15. What is an association?

Group - B

Answer any *four* questions.

5×4=20

16. What is meant by 'Primary Groups'? State some differences between primary groups and secondary groups. 2+3
17. What is 'Family'? State some distinctive features of family. 2+3
18. What do you mean by 'community'? What are the main differences between 'community' and 'society'? 2+3
19. Explain briefly the Marxist theory of class. 5
20. State and explain the merits and de-merits of 'Representational Democracy'. 5

21. What is meant by 'Utopian Socialism'? State at least two difference between scientific Socialism and Utopian Socialism. 3+2

Group - C

Answer any *two* questions. 10×2=20

22. What is meant by 'Society'? Explain briefly the relation between social philosophy and political philosophy. 3+7
23. Discuss individualism as the theory of the relation between individual and society. Is this theory acceptable? 8+2
24. What is Democracy? Explain the merits and demerits of Democratic Government. 3+7
25. Write an essay on the similarities and differences between class and caste. 10

বঙ্গানুবাদ

বিভাগ - ক

যে কোনো দশটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও : ২×১০=২০

- ১। সমাজদর্শনের সঙ্গে সমাজবিজ্ঞানের দুটি পার্থক্য লেখ।
- ২। সামাজিক শ্রেণীর পার্থক্যসূচক মানদণ্ডগুলি কী কী?
- ৩। পরিবারকে প্রাথমিক গোষ্ঠী বলা হয় কেন?

P.T.O.

OR

[Philosophy of Mind]

Group - A

Answer any *ten* questions.

2×10=20

1. What is sensation?
2. What is illusion?
3. Distinguish between illusion and hallucination — mention any two differences.
4. Give an example of subconscious mental states.
5. What is unconscious mind?
6. What is memory?
7. Who propounded conditioned reflex theory of learning?
8. What is learning?
9. What is the meaning of 'Gestalt' in the concept of perception?
10. What is the Gestalt theory of learning?
11. What is I.Q?
12. What are the ways of measuring intelligence?
13. What is hallucination?

P.T.O.

14. What is intelligence?
15. What is the trial and error theory of learning?

Group - B

Answer any *four* questions.

5×4=20

16. Briefly discuss the attributes of sensation.
17. Briefly explain the laws of association of memory.
18. Distinguish between sensation and perception.
19. What are the laws of learning according to Thorndike?
20. What are the proofs for the existence of unconscious mental states?
21. How I.Q. is measured? — Briefly discuss.

Group - C

Answer any *two* questions.

10×2=20

22. Explain Freud's theory of Dream.
23. Explain and examine the Gestalt theory of learning.
24. State and explain the characteristics of consciousness.
25. How I.Q is calculated? What is the technique of measuring I.Q of adults?

5+5

OR

[Applied Ethics and Philosophy of Religion]

Group - A

Answer any *ten* questions.

2×10=20

1. What is Philosophy of Religion?
2. Distinguish between Religion and Philosophy of Religion.
3. What is the doctrine of Trinity?
4. Who wrote *Religion of Man*?
5. 'The history of mankind is the history of Religion' — who said this and why?
6. What is the difference between Dharma and Religion?
7. What is applied ethics?
8. What is the relation between Religion and Morality?
9. What is meant by ecology?
10. What is meant by euthanasia?
11. What is morality?
12. What is environmental ethics?
13. What is passive euthanasia?

14. What is active euthanasia?
15. Who wrote '*Summa Theological*'?

Group - B

Answer any **four** questions. $5 \times 4 = 20$

16. Distinguish between active and passive euthanasia?
17. What is suicide? Is suicide a moral crime? $2+3$
18. Do you think that we should have reverence for life and plant? Explain.
19. Write a short note on deep ecology?
20. Distinguish between natural evil and moral evil?
21. "If God is all powerful and all good, how can there be evil in the world"? — discuss.

Group - C

Answer any **two** questions. $10 \times 2 = 20$

22. Explain cosmological argument for the existence of God. 10
23. What is evil? Does the existence of evil in the world contradict the conception of God as all Good? Discuss. $2+8$

P.T.O.

24. Distinguish between voluntary and non-voluntary euthanasia? 2+8
25. What is meant by ecology? What are the principles of deep ecology? Discuss. 2+8

বঙ্গানুবাদ

বিভাগ - ক

যে কোনো দশটি প্রশ্নের উত্তর দাও : $2 \times 10 = 20$

- ১। ধর্ম দর্শন কাকে বলে?
- ২। ধর্ম ও ধর্ম দর্শনের মধ্যে পার্থক্য করো।
- ৩। ত্রিষের মতবাদ কি?
- ৪। 'মানুষের ধর্ম'-কে লিখেছেন?
- ৫। 'মানবজাতির ইতিহাসই ধর্মের ইতিহাস'— এই কথাটি কে এবং কেন বলেছেন?
- ৬। ধর্ম ও Religion এর মধ্যে পার্থক্য কী?
- ৭। ফলিত নীতিশাস্ত্র কি?
- ৮। ধর্ম এবং নৈতিকতার মধ্যে সম্পর্ক কি?
- ৯। বাস্তববিদ্যা বলতে কী বোঝ?
- ১০। ইচ্ছামৃত্যু বলতে কি বোঝায়?

24. Distinguish between voluntary and non-voluntary euthanasia? 2+8
25. What is meant by ecology? What are the principles of deep ecology? Discuss. 2+8

বঙ্গানুবাদ

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- ৯। বাস্তববিদ্যা বলতে কী বোঝায়?
- ১০। ইচ্ছামৃত্যু বলতে কি বোঝায়?